# **GXFIN\$ - Find Next File on GX**

The GXFIN\$ routine is used, **after a previous successful call to GXFIF\$**, to find the next file in a folder on the PC running GX.

### 1. Invocation

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To find the next file in a folder on the PC running GX code:

CALL GXFIN\$ USING fi

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where *fi* is a control block of the following format:

UT	L T		
02	FIWILD	PIC PTR	* POINTER TO TARGET FILENAME
02	FILLER	PIC 9(9) COMP	* RESERVED FOR USE BY GXFIN\$
02	FIATTR	PIC 9(9) COMP	* RETURNED FILE ATTRIBUTE
02	FINAME	PIC PTR	* PTR TO AREA FOR RETURNED FILENAME

The same *fi* block that was used for a previous successful call to GXFIF\$ **must** be used for subsequent call(s) to GXFIN\$.

## 2. STOP Codes and Exception Conditions

The following STOP codes are returned by GXFIN\$.

STOP code	Description
14450	GXFIN\$ has been called by an application that is not running on GX.

The following EXIT codes may be returned by GXFIN\$:

EXIT code	\$\$COND	Description
14410	10	Internal error type-1 in GXFIN\$.
14411	11	Internal error type-2 in GXFIN\$.
14412	12	A Windows error has been detected by GX. The Windows result code is available in the \$\$CRES System Variable. Note that error code 18 is returned if no more files match the target filename.

## 3. Programming Notes

The GXFIN\$ routine must be used in conjunction with the GXFIF\$ and GXFIC\$ routines.

Before calling GXFIN\$ the FINAME field must be initialised to point to a PIC X(256) field that will contain the first file name that matches the target filename specification.

If the call to GXFIN\$ is successful the filename is returned in the buffer area pointed to by FINAME; and the Windows file attribute value is returned in FIATTR. The filename is not returned as a Windows zero-terminated string but rather as a PIC X(256) string padded with trailing spaces.

The value returned in FIATTR is a collection of bit flags as defined here: <u>https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/gg258117(v=vs.85).aspx</u> Note that the 0x0010 bit indicates a directory rather than a file. GXFIN\$ can only be used after a successful call to GXFIF\$. The combination of GXFIF\$ & GXFIN\$ **MUST** be followed by a final call to GXFIC\$.

### 4. Examples

[EXAMPLES REQUIRED].

### 5. Copy-Books

None.

### 6. See Also

- GXFIF\$ Find First File on GX
- GXFIC\$ Close Find Handle on GX