

FMES0\$ - Return Formatted Windows Error Message

The FMES0\$ routine can be used to convert a Windows error number into a formatted, verbose error message.

1. Invocation

To convert a Windows error number into a formatted message code:

```
CALL FMES0$ USING number length area
```

where *number* is a PIC 9(9) COMP field containing the Windows error number (normally returned in the \$\$CRES System Variable); *area* is a PIC X(n) data area to hold the returned error message and *length* is a PIC 9(4) COMP field containing the size of the data area.

2. STOP Codes and Exception Conditions

No STOP codes are generated by FMES0\$.

The following exception conditions may be returned by FMES0\$:

EXIT code	\$\$COND	Description
10501	01	Windows returned an error condition when attempting to format the error code.

3. Programming Notes

FMES0\$ is normally used to obtain a descriptive error message from a numeric Windows error code returned in the \$\$CRES System Variable by a variety of sub-routines; or in the DSRES32 field by an SVC-61 call. FMES0\$ is only supported on GSM (Windows) configurations. The message area is set to SPACES if FMES0\$ is used on a GSM (Unix) configuration.

Important Note: The length parameter is updated by the routine to return the **actual length** of the text message returned. Consequently, this field must be a data-item (i.e. not a literal) and must be reset to the actual length of the data-area each time FMES0\$ is called by an application. For example:

```
DATA DIVISION
77 X-100 PIC X(100)
PROCEDURE DIVISION
CALL FMES0$ USING $$CRES 100 X-100 * Wrong. Self-modifying code !!!
```

```
DATA DIVISION
77 X-100 PIC X(100)
77 Z-LENG PIC 9(4) COMP
VALUE 100
PROCEDURE DIVISION
CALL FMES0$ USING $$CRES Z-LENG X-100 * Wrong. Z-LENG is altered
```

```
DATA DIVISION
77 X-100 PIC X(100)
77 Z-LENG PIC 9(4) COMP
PROCEDURE DIVISION
MOVE 100 to Z-LENG
CALL FMES0$ USING $$CRES Z-LENG X-100 * Correct
```

4. Examples

None.

5. Copy-Books

None.

6. See Also

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